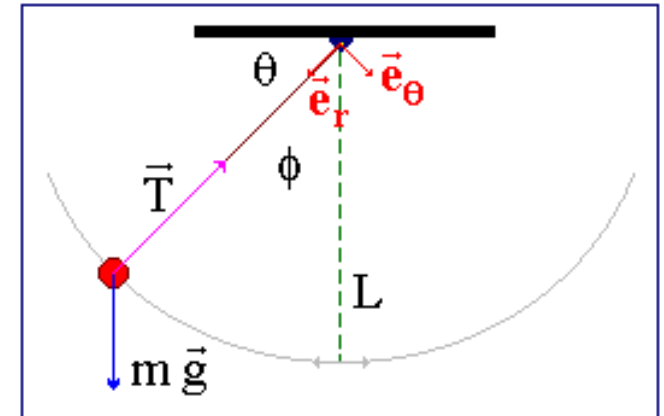


Péndulo

$$\vec{T} + m\vec{g} = m\vec{a}$$

$$\vec{e}_r \rangle \quad mg \sin \theta - T = m(\ddot{r} - r\dot{\theta}^2)$$

$$\vec{e}_\theta \rangle \quad mg \cos \theta = m(r\ddot{\theta} + 2\dot{r}\dot{\theta})$$



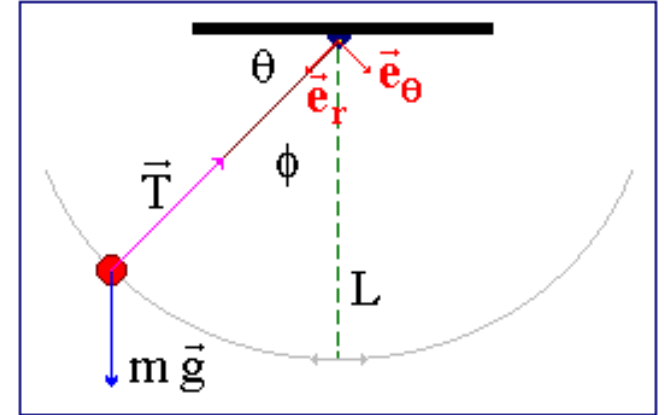
$$\vec{e}_r \rangle \quad mg \sin \theta - T = -mL\dot{\theta}^2$$

$$\vec{e}_\theta \rangle \quad mg \cos \theta = mL\ddot{\theta}$$

Péndulo

$$\vec{e}_r \rangle \quad mg \operatorname{sen} \theta - T = -mL\dot{\theta}^2$$

$$\vec{e}_\theta \rangle \quad mg \cos \theta = mL\ddot{\theta}$$



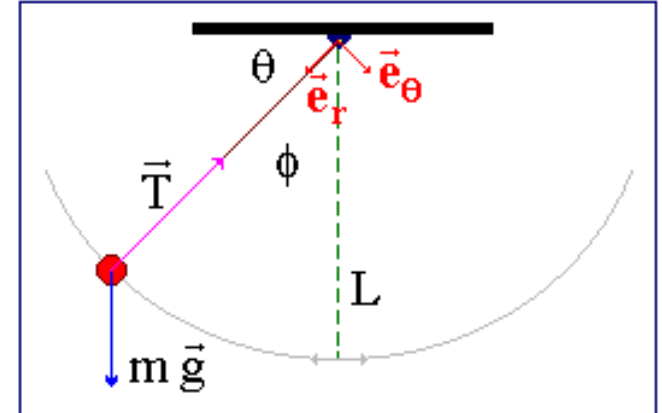
$$\ddot{\theta} = -\left(\frac{g}{L}\right) \cos \theta$$

$$\ddot{\phi} = -\left(\frac{g}{L}\right) \operatorname{sen} \phi$$

Péndulo

$$\vec{e}_r \rangle \quad mg \operatorname{sen} \theta - T = -mL\dot{\theta}^2$$

$$\vec{e}_\theta \rangle \quad mg \cos \theta = mL\ddot{\theta}$$



$$\ddot{\phi} = -\left(\frac{g}{L}\right) \operatorname{sen} \phi$$

$$\operatorname{sen} \phi \cong \phi$$

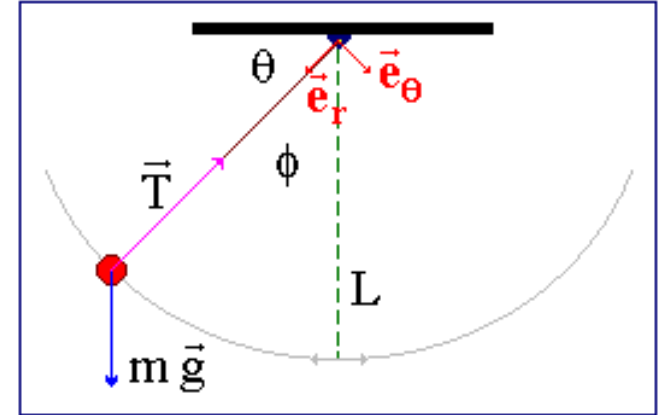
$$\ddot{\phi} = -\left(\frac{g}{L}\right) \phi$$

$$\ddot{x} = -\frac{k}{m} x$$

Péndulo

$$\vec{e}_r \rangle \quad mg \operatorname{sen} \theta - T = -mL\dot{\theta}^2$$

$$\vec{e}_\theta \rangle \quad mg \cos \theta = mL\ddot{\theta}$$



$$\operatorname{sen} \phi \cong \phi$$

$$\ddot{\phi} = -\left(\frac{g}{L}\right)\phi$$

$$\phi = \phi_0 \cos(\omega t)$$

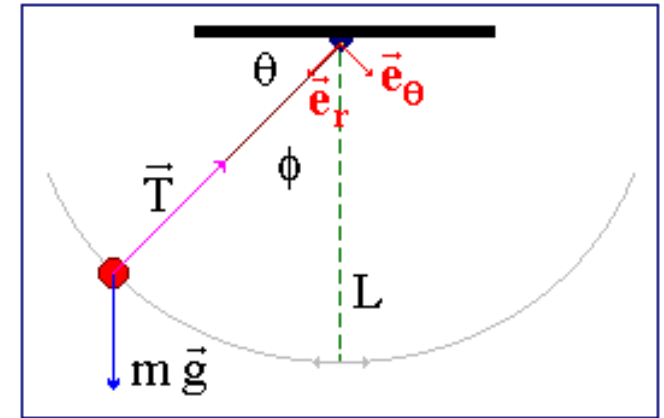
$$T = 2\pi\sqrt{\frac{L}{g}}$$

$$\omega = \sqrt{\frac{g}{L}}$$

Péndulo real

$$\vec{e}_r \rangle \quad mg \operatorname{sen} \theta - T = -mL\dot{\theta}^2$$

$$\vec{e}_\theta \rangle \quad mg \cos \theta = mL\ddot{\theta}$$



$$\ddot{\phi} = -\left(\frac{g}{L}\right) \operatorname{sen} \phi$$

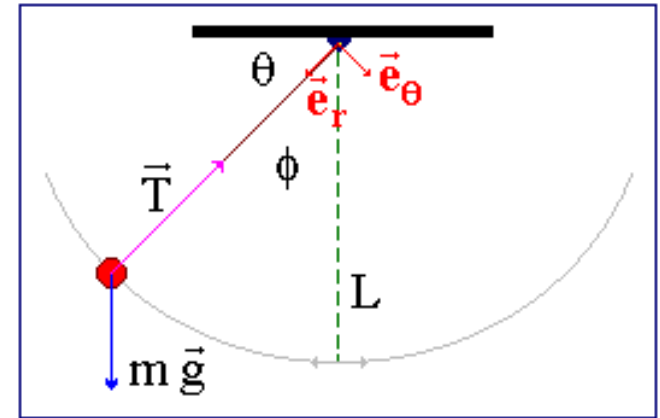
$$T = 2\pi \left(\frac{L}{g}\right)^{\frac{1}{2}} \left(1 + \frac{1}{4}k^2 + \frac{9}{64}k^4 + \dots\right)$$

$$k = \operatorname{sen}\left(\frac{\phi_0}{2}\right)$$

Péndulo real

$$\vec{e}_r \rangle \quad mg \sin \theta - T = -mL\dot{\theta}^2$$

$$\vec{e}_\theta \rangle \quad mg \cos \theta = mL\ddot{\theta}$$



$$\ddot{\phi} = -\left(\frac{g}{L}\right) \sin \phi \qquad T = 2\pi \left(\frac{L}{g}\right)^{\frac{1}{2}} \left(1 + \frac{1}{4}k^2 + \frac{9}{64}k^4 + \dots\right)$$

Pequeñas oscilaciones

$$\sin \phi \cong \phi$$

$$T = 2\pi \left(\frac{L}{g}\right)^{\frac{1}{2}} \left(1 + \frac{1}{16}\phi_0^2 + \frac{9}{1024}\phi_0^4 + \dots\right)$$

$$T = 2\pi \sqrt{\frac{L}{g}}$$