

# DIFFERENTIAL OPERATORS

Electromagnetismo I - UNS

## Cartesian Coordinates

### Divergence

$$\nabla \cdot \mathbf{A} = \frac{\partial A_x}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial A_y}{\partial y} + \frac{\partial A_z}{\partial z}$$

### Gradient

$$\nabla f = \frac{\partial f}{\partial x} \check{\mathbf{x}} + \frac{\partial f}{\partial y} \check{\mathbf{y}} + \frac{\partial f}{\partial z} \check{\mathbf{z}}$$

### Curl

$$\begin{aligned}(\nabla \times \mathbf{A})_x &= \frac{\partial A_z}{\partial y} - \frac{\partial A_y}{\partial z} \\(\nabla \times \mathbf{A})_y &= \frac{\partial A_x}{\partial z} - \frac{\partial A_z}{\partial x} \\(\nabla \times \mathbf{A})_z &= \frac{\partial A_y}{\partial x} - \frac{\partial A_x}{\partial y}\end{aligned}$$

### Laplacian

$$\nabla^2 f = \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial y^2} + \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial z^2}$$

## Cylindrical Coordinates

### Divergence

$$\nabla \cdot \mathbf{A} = \frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial}{\partial r} (r A_r) + \frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial A_\phi}{\partial \phi} + \frac{\partial A_z}{\partial z}$$

### Gradient

$$\nabla f = \frac{\partial f}{\partial r} \check{\mathbf{r}} + \frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial f}{\partial \phi} \check{\phi} + \frac{\partial f}{\partial z} \check{\mathbf{z}}$$

## Curl

$$\begin{aligned}(\nabla \times \mathbf{A})_r &= \frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial A_z}{\partial \phi} - \frac{\partial A_\phi}{\partial z} \\(\nabla \times \mathbf{A})_\phi &= \frac{\partial A_r}{\partial z} - \frac{\partial A_z}{\partial r} \\(\nabla \times \mathbf{A})_z &= \frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial}{\partial r} (r A_\phi) - \frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial A_r}{\partial \phi}\end{aligned}$$

## Laplacian

$$\nabla^2 f = \frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial}{\partial r} \left( r \frac{\partial f}{\partial r} \right) + \frac{1}{r^2} \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial \phi^2} + \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial z^2}$$

## Spherical Coordinates

### Divergence

$$\nabla \cdot \mathbf{A} = \frac{1}{r^2} \frac{\partial}{\partial r} (r^2 A_r) + \frac{1}{r \sin \theta} \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} (\sin \theta A_\theta) + \frac{1}{r \sin \theta} \frac{\partial A_\phi}{\partial \phi}$$

### Gradient

$$\nabla f = \frac{\partial f}{\partial r} \check{\mathbf{r}} + \frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial f}{\partial \theta} \check{\theta} + \frac{1}{r \sin \theta} \frac{\partial f}{\partial \phi} \check{\phi}$$

## Curl

$$\begin{aligned}(\nabla \times \mathbf{A})_r &= \frac{1}{r \sin \theta} \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} (\sin \theta A_\phi) - \frac{1}{r \sin \theta} \frac{\partial A_\theta}{\partial \phi} \\(\nabla \times \mathbf{A})_\theta &= \frac{1}{r \sin \theta} \frac{\partial A_r}{\partial \phi} - \frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial}{\partial r} (r A_\phi) \\(\nabla \times \mathbf{A})_\phi &= \frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial}{\partial r} (r A_\theta) - \frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial A_r}{\partial \theta}\end{aligned}$$

## Laplacian

$$\nabla^2 f = \frac{1}{r^2} \frac{\partial}{\partial r} \left( r^2 \frac{\partial f}{\partial r} \right) + \frac{1}{r^2 \sin \theta} \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} \left( \sin \theta \frac{\partial f}{\partial \theta} \right) + \frac{1}{r^2 \sin^2 \theta} \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial \phi^2}$$